

## Design and Analysis of Crown and Slotted Octagonal Fractal Antennas

<sup>1</sup>BURRI NARENDER REDDY, M.Tech Assistant Professor, [narendarburri@gmail.com](mailto:narendarburri@gmail.com)

<sup>2</sup>CHEEKATYALA ANJAN KUMAR ,M.Tech Assistant Professor , [anjankumarcheekatla@gmail.com](mailto:anjankumarcheekatla@gmail.com)

<sup>3</sup>LAXMAN BAVANDLAPALLY ,M.Tech Assistant Professor, [lax406@gmail.com](mailto:lax406@gmail.com)

<sup>4</sup>P.SHANKAR, M.Tech Assistant Professor, [shankardvk48@gmail.com](mailto:shankardvk48@gmail.com)

Department:ECE

Nagole Univeristy Engineering and Technology Hyderabad

### Abstract

The VNA-Network analyzer is used in this study to create a multiband fractal antenna design and simulation. Measurements like return loss are tracked by us. Impedance of the VSWR input in all circumstances. It turns out that the antenna's effective electrical length, space filling characteristic curve, and scaling factor all play an important role as iteration progresses from lower to higher, as well as the victual location, parasitic patch position, patch length and breadth (if multibanding is used).

### INTRODUCTION

Fractal antennas have several levels and a space-filling curve. This is the setting in which we're doing our research.

Fractal antenna engineering is a new development because antenna design necessitates a high degree of speed. Antenna field applications of Fractals are described in research papers. These multi-scale objects are called fractals. Natural geometrical characteristics of fractal geometries can be found in study.

Using regular expressions to detect odd activity is crucial in a wide range of

commercial applications, including complex event processing, security, fraud detection, and RFID processing where valid pathways for RFID tags are tracked. In the latter case, a pattern is used to determine the window size, and rows can be processed as usual[2]. Advanced data stream processing is used in complex event detection to identify patterns in the stream of events.

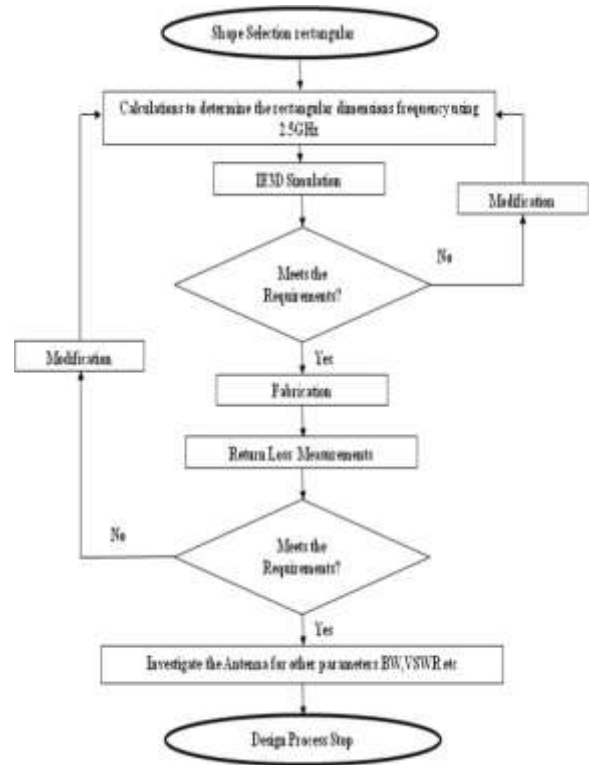
Benoit Mandelbrot devised fractal geometry as a technique to mathematically represent dimensions that aren't full.

In 1975, Benoit Mandelbrot classed this geometry and gave it the title fractal, which means fractured, from the Latin word fractus. Natural modeling, statistical analysis, computer graphics, compression, and Falconer et al. After fractal geometry research was publicly discussed by scientists. The physical processes and mathematical foundations of electromagnetic wave interaction with multilayer antennas or fractal antennas have been the subject of rudimentary research.

All the electrical features are packed into the available area of a fractal antenna. Due to antenna design's dependence on electrical lengths, grouping electrically massive components tightly can be a useful method for reducing overall size. By Gianvittorio

and others in 2002 As may be observed in fractal antennas, these intricate structures have self-matching properties.

Zooming in on the structure reveals more of the self-matching feature's nuances. That is to say, as the structure is magnified, it repeats. Antennas with this property can operate over a wide range of frequencies.



### WIDE RANGE OF SLOTTED OCTAGONAL AND CROWN-SHAPED FRACTAL ANTENNAS

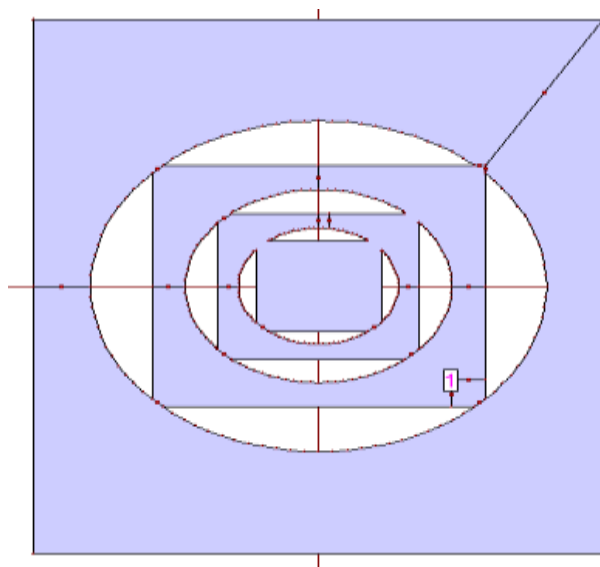


Fig.2:CrownShapedFractalAntenna

Software IE3D is shown in Figure 2 as a front-end window planner view for constructing the antenna shape with the correct dimensions. After completing the

simulation settings, IE3D provides a variety of antenna parameters in user-friendly visuals for examination.

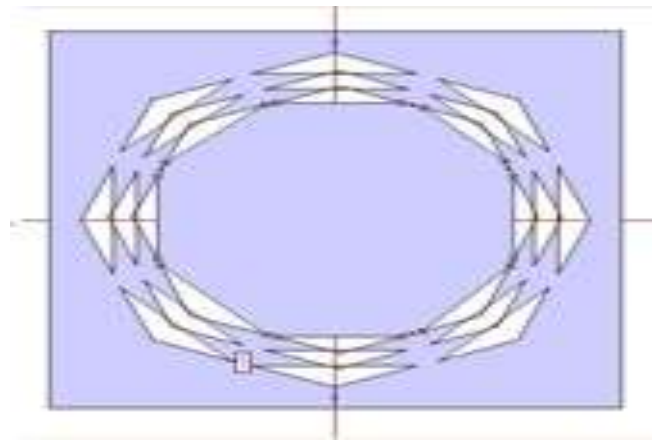


Fig.3:SlottedOctagonalShapedFractalAntenna

Plan view on front end window of software used to build the geometry of the proposed antenna with suitable dimensions is depicted in Figure 3.

In order to be used wirelessly, the Crown Shaped Fractal Antenna was designed, built, and tested. Each step of the antenna design is iterative. With 32 percent radiation efficiency and high allowable gain of up to four decibels of directivity, the antenna design proposed here is suitable and adaptable to frequencies ranging from 0.5GHz to 10GHz. The proposed antenna offers outstanding directional radiation qualities.

There are primarily two types of CEP solutions and concepts:

CEP with a focus on aggregation

CEP with a focus on Detection

CEP with a focus on aggregation

Accumulating CEP solutions focus on running on-line algorithmic processes in response to events. Inbound events may be used as a basic example to determine an average over time.

CEP with a focus on Detection

Events patterns or circumstances are the combinations of events that CEP focuses on

detecting. Look for a precise series of events to detect the condition. Many applications now employ a combination of the two strategies, as well as security monitoring.

Figure 4 compares the three iterations of the Crown Shaped antenna. See Figure 1 underneath. The antenna's fractal behavior has been confirmed by these results.

Table-4.1

Return Loss for all three crown-shaped antenna iterations is compared

<i>Fre q.</i>	<i>S<sub>11</sub>-3<sup>th</sup>- Iter.</i>	<i>Fre q.</i>	<i>S<sub>11</sub>-2<sup>nd</sup>- Iter.</i>	<i>Fre q.</i>	<i>S<sub>11</sub>-1<sup>st</sup>- Iter.</i>
1.7	-20	1.7	-18	1.9	-20.5
2.1	-19	2.1	-19	2.5	-20.25
3	-16	3	-16	6.7	-11.5
3.1	-15	3.1	-12	6.5	-13
5	-22	5	-21		
5.5	-12	5.5	-10		
6.2	-16.5	6.2	-16		
6.9	-45	6.9	-44		
7.3	-18	7.3	-15		
8.	-47	8.5	-45		

The third iteration of this antenna has yielded some fascinating findings, including the fact that it can operate in the Ka and Ku bands. Comparing the simulated and measured findings in Figure 5 is provided in Table 2.

Table-2

Third Iteration of the Crown Shaped Antenna  
 Comparative Table between simulated and measured findings

<i>S.N O.</i>	<i>Resonant Frequency( GHz)</i>	<i>Simulated (ReturnLossIn( dB)</i>	<i>Measured (ReturnLossin( dB)</i>
1	0	0	0
2	1	-5	-3
3	1.4	-7	-5
4	1.7	-20	-12
5	2.1	-19	-16
6	3	-16	-15
7	3.1	-15	-10
8	5	-22	-20
9	5.5	-12	-22
10	6.2	-16.5	-18
11	6.9	-45	-40

12		7.3		-18	-10
13		8		-47	-40

Developed and successfully tested, the Complementary Slotted Octagonal Shaped Fractal Antenna was an idea put up by several individuals. Straightforward iterative shapes characterize the antenna. The proposed antenna design may be used for a

wide range of frequencies and includes properties like a 24 percent radiation efficiency, a high gain of up to 3 dB, and a directivity of 11.5 dBi. With regard to focused radiation, the proposed antenna exhibits exceptional performance.

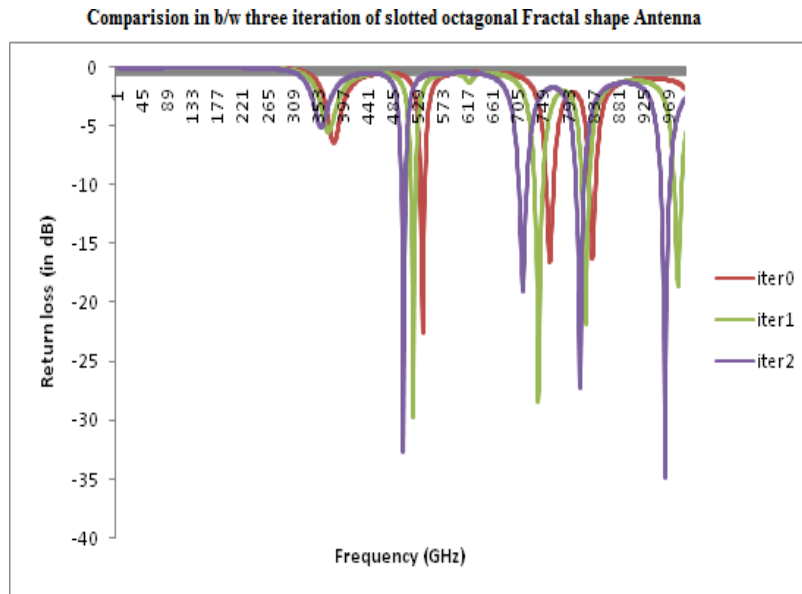


Fig.6: Comparison Curve(Simulated)OfS11 (Db)ForAllThreeIteration ofComplementarySlotted OctagonalAntenna

Complementary Slotted Octagonal antennas were compared in all three iterations, as shown in Figure 6 and listed in Table 3. The antenna's fractal behavior has been confirmed by these results. It is shown in Table 4.4.4 that the simulated and measured results are compared.

**CONCLUSION**

In order to achieve rapid CEP, reconfigurable hardware acceleration is

required. C-based event language logic automation is critical to our success. The Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) algorithm was developed to fend off linear and differential cryptanalysis. There are many factors to consider while selecting an S-box for the AES. Results show that the nonlinear AES S-Box implementation leveraging C-based complex event processing provides increased security while still being fast enough for encryption and

decryption. Using this language, we have been able to achieve both more event processing throughput and greater application design flexibility than with SQL-based CEP solutions. When it comes to financial trading applications, an FPGA-based network interface card outperformed CPU software by 12.3 times. Complicated examples that require several streams will be implemented in the future.

For mobile communication, this study made a significant contribution to the creation of multiband fractal micro divest patch antenna systems. However, certain additional locations with equal impedance still require investigation. In order to keep the entire apparatus as compact as possible, additional study into antenna design is needed. Specifically, the antenna's efficiency may be increased without sacrificing its downsizing. Long-term exposure to electromagnetic radiation may be harmful to the user's health, hence reducing absorption by the skull is an important area of research. Research on the influence of ground plane dimensions on antenna element performance can also be done to improve system performance.

**R**  
**EF**  
**E**  
**R**  
**E**  
**N**  
**C**  
**ES**

1. Falconer K. J., 1990, Fractal Geometry: Mathematical Foundations and Applications. New

York: ,John Wiley&Sons,Inc. New York vol.5,no. 16, pp. 210- 215.

2. Gianvittorio J. P., 2003, Fractals, MEMS, and FSS electromagnetic devices miniaturization and multiple resonances," Dissertation, University of California, Los Angeles vol. no.15 pp. 554-559

3. Gouyet J., 1996, Physics and Fractal Structures, Springer, NewYork vol. 8, no.1,pp 875-879.

4. Kravchenko F. and A.A. Potapov, 2001 "New class of Atomic fractal functions & their applications", Physics and Engineering of millimeter and Sub Millimeter Waves, vol.1,no.4, pp.102-107.

5. D. Gyllstrom, J. Agrawal, Y. Diao, and N. Immerman, (Apr.2008)" On supporting Kleene closure over event streams," inProc. IEEE 24th Int.Conf.DataEng..

6. M. Cherniak, ,A. Witkowski, and F. Zemke(Mar.2007) "Pattern matching in sequences of rows," American National Standards Institute, Washington, DC, Tech. Rep. ANSI NCITS H2-2006-nnn.

7. S. Charkravarthy and Q. Jiang, Stream Data Processing(Apr.2009): A Quality Service Perspective. New York: Springer-Verlag.

8. P. Bizarro, M. R. Mendes and P. Marques(2009),"A performance study of event processing systems," inPerformance Evaluation and Benchmark-ing, vol. New York: Springer-Verlag, 2009, pp. 221–236.

9. L. Woods, J. Teubner, and G. Alonso, "Complex event detection at wire speed with FPGAs," inProc. Int. Conf. Very Large Data Bases,vol.3. Sep. 2010, pp. 660–669

10. OPRA.(2011, Jan. 19). UpdatedTraffic Projections 2011 &

2012,Chicago, IL.